	Stage 1 Desired Results	
ESTABLISHED GOALS/STANDARDS:	Transfer	
Shape America Standards:	Students will be able to identify, demonstrate, and articulate the rules and behavioral expectations of the F	
Shape Standard 4: Students exhibits	Meaning	
responsible and social behavior that	UNDERSTANDINGS	ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS
respects self and others.	Students will understand that	What is expected of the students?
	-Physical education class is a class and in the classroom	What is expected of the teacher?
Exhibits personal responsibility by	(gymnasium) there is specific etiquette and behavior that must be	What are classroom protocols and
using appropriate etiquette,	followed.	guidelines?
demonstrating respect for facilities		What are classroom routines?
and exhibiting safe behaviors.		Where can students find information such
(S4.M1.6)		as the agenda, daily objectives, etc.
Exhibits responsible social behaviors	Acquisition	
by cooperating with classmates,	Students will know	Students will be skilled at
demonstrating inclusive behaviors and	-appropriate etiquette associated with PE class.	Identifying rules of the classroom
supporting classmates. (S4.M1.7)	-Rules and guidelines for respecting peers, teachers, equipment,	Identifying behavioral expectations
	and facilities.	Identifying expectations pertaining to
Accepts responsibility for improving	-Expectations for inclusivity	personal responsibility in the classroom.
one's own levels of physical activity and fitness. (S4.M1.8)	-Specific responsibility expectations.	
	Stage 2 Evidence	
Evaluative Criteria	Assessment Evidence	
PERFORMANCE TASK(S):		
	Students articulate and demonstrate behavioral expectations throug	h practice and classroom conversation.
	OTHER EVIDENCE:	
	Exit slips, survey, signed expectation sheet, creating a classroom clim	ate rules sheet.
	Stage 3 Learning Plan	
	Summary of Key Learning Events and Instruction	
Lesson 1	Focus : Intro to classroom rules, policies, and guidelines	Standard: S4.M1. 6-8

Lesson 2	Focus: If necessary a second class elaborating on the rules, policies,	Standard: S4.M1. 6-8
	and guidelines	

GRADE 6 Games and Sports: Invasion Games		
	Stage 1 Desired Results	
ESTABLISHED GOALS/STANDARDS	Transfer Students will be able to demonstrate competency in a variety of movement patterns as well as apply knowledge of concepts, principles, tactics, and strategies related to the sports of ultimate ball, ultimate frisbee, ultimate football, and or similar game.	
Shape America Standards:		
Standard 1: Demonstrates competency in a	Meanii	ng
variety of motor skills and movement	UNDERSTANDINGS	ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS
patterns.	Students will understand that	What are offensive ways to create space if you
	-To be successful in games and sports one must apply	are the person with the ball/object?
-Throws, while stationary, a leading pass to	strategies and tactics.	What are offensive ways to create space if you
a moving receiver. (S1.M5.6)	-To be successful in games and sports one must	don't have the ball or object?
	practice foundational movement skills/ patterns	What are defensive strategies for denying a pass?
-Performs pivots, fakes and jab steps	necessary to the specific sport.	What is a lead pass?
designed to create open space during	-With practice and intention everyone can become	What does using the length and width of the field
practice tasks. (S1.M6.6)	better.	mean?
		Why is it important to transition quickly from
-Performs the following offensive skills		offense to defense and vice versa.
without defensive pressure: pivot, give &	Acquisit	ion
go, and fakes. (S1.M7.6)	Students will know	Students will be skilled at
Chandrad 2. Aprilian language of accounts	-how to execute a proper lead pass.	-throwing from a stationary position to a moving
Standard 2: Applies knowledge of concepts,	-how to use pivots, faces, give and go as offensive	target.
principles, strategies and taccs related to	tactics.	-utilizing lead passes.
movement and performance.	-how to identify and apply movement locomotor	-performing pivots, faces, and jab steps to create
Contraction	movements such as change of direction, varying	open.
-Creates open space by using locomotor	pathways, and speed to create open space when they	-using locomotor movements to get away from
movements (e.g., walking, running, jumping	don't have the ball.	defenders to become open such as moving
and landing) in combination with	-how to identify defensive strategies to deny the ball or	without the ball.
movement (e.g., varying pathways; change	make the task of the offensive team more difficult.	- understanding the importance of using the
	-Identify the importance of transitioning from offense	width and length of the field/court.
of speed, direction or pace). (S2.M1.6)	1	
of speed, direction or pace). (S2.M1.6)	to defense quickly.	-reducing open space by denying the cath on
of speed, direction or pace). (S2.M1.6) -Executes at least 1 the following offensive	to defense quickly.	pass.
-Executes at least 1 the following offensive	to defense quickly.	1
-Executes at least 1 the following offensive tactics to create open space: moves to open	to defense quickly.	pass.
-Executes at least 1 the following offensive	to defense quickly.	pass.

-Creates open space by using the width and length of the field/court on offense. (S2.M3.6)		
-Reduces open space on defense by making the body larger and reducing passing angles. (S2.M4.6)		
-Reduces open space by not allowing the catch (denial) or by allowing the catch but not the return pass. (S2.M5.6)		
-Transitions from offense to defense or		
defense to offense by recovering quickly.		
(S2.M6.6)		
(32.1010.0)		
	Stage 2 Evidence	
Evaluative Criteria	Assessment Evidence	
	PERFORMANCE TASK(S):	
	Students will participate in small sided games and drills	that require them to perform skills and movement
	concepts as well as exhibit tactics and strategies necessa	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	rubric which analyzes each student's ability to apply kno	wledge learned to the small sided games and drills.
	OTHER EVIDENCE:	
	Exit slips, classroom conversation, classroom observation	n, homework, etc.
Resources:		
	Stage 3 Learning Plan	
	Summary of Key Learning Events and Instruction	
Lesson 1	Focus: Practicing Lead Passes	Standard: (S1.M5.6)
Lesson 2	Focus: Practicing Pivots, Fakes, Give and Goes, jab steps	Standard: (S1.M6.6)
	steps	
Lesson 3	Focus: creating open space by moving off of the ball/object	Standard: (S2.M1.6)

Lesson 5	Focus: Reducing open space on defense by making the body larger/reducing pass angles.	Standard: (S2.M4.6)
Lesson 6	Focus: Reducing open space on defense by denying the catch	Standard: (S2.M5.6)
Lesson 7	Focus: Transitioning from offense to defense quickly.	Standard: (S2.M6.6)
Lesson 8	Focus: Small Sided games with a focus on all tactics and skills	Standard: See Above Standards
Lesson 9	Focus: Small Sided games with a focus on all tactics and skills	Standard: See Above Standards
Lesson 10	Focus: Performance assessment which incorporates and assesses students on skills and tactics learned throughout unit.	Standard: See Above Standards

GRADE 6 Games and Sports - Net/Wall Games	(table tennis, handball, squash/wall tennis, racketball, 4 Stage 1 Desired Results	oquare termis.j
ESTABLISHED GOALS/STANDARDS	Transfer	
Shape America Standards: Standard 1: Demonstrates competency in a	Students will be able to demonstrate competency in the following motor skills: underhand overhand striking, forehand and backhand strokes, forehand volleys, and two handed volley participation in games/sports that include short handled rackets or use of the hands as a st implement.	
variety of motor skills and movement patterns.	Meaning	
-Performs a legal underhand serve with control	UNDERSTANDINGS Students will understand that	ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS - What are the rules for (insert specific
for net/wall games such as badminton, volleyball or pickleball. (S1.M12.6)	-Proper mechanics allow for an individual to be more successful in a variety of motor skillswith practice people become better at motor skills and	sport)? - Why are rules important when playing sports?
-Strikes with a mature overhand pattern in a non dynamic environment for net/wall games such as volleyball, handball, badminton or tennis. (S1.M13.6)	movement patterns.	 Why is etiquette important when playing sports? What are the proper mechanics of an underhand serve in the sport of? Why are the proper mechanics
-Demonstrates the mature form of the		important for being successful?
forehand and backhand strokes with a short-handled implement in net games such as paddle ball, pickleball or short-handled racket tennis. (S1.M14.6)	Students will know -the rules of specific racket sports taught in PE classthe mechanics of various shots used in the sports taught.	Students will be skilled at -Underhand serves -overhand strikes -forehand and backhand strokes
-Transfers weight with correct timing for the striking pattern. (S1.M15.6)	with practice comes more success.etiquette of participating in net/wall games.	-Transferring weight with correct timing and striking patternforehand volleys
-Forehand-volleys with a mature form and control using a short-handled implement. (S1.M16.6)		-two handed volleys
-Two-hand-volleys with control in a variety of practice tasks. (S1.M17.6)		
-Identifies the rules and etiquette for physical activities/games and dance activities. (S4.M6.6)		

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Evaluative Criteria	Stage 2 Evidence		
Evaluative Criteria	PERFORMANCE TASK(S): Students will perform the following shots in a summa striking, forehand and backhand strokes, forehand vo	Assessment Evidence PERFORMANCE TASK(S): Students will perform the following shots in a summative assessment; underhand serve, overhand striking, forehand and backhand strokes, forehand volleys, and two handed volleys. By doing so students will demonstrate competency in the motor skills/movement patterns above.	
	OTHER EVIDENCE: Demonstration of proper etiquette Demonstration of rules of the sports/games Classroom conversations/articulation of proper mechanics		
	Stage 3 Learning Plan		
	Summary of Key Learning Events and Instruction		
Lesson 1	Focus: Intro to net/wall games and mechanics of various shots involved in the selected activity.	Standard:	
Lesson 2	Focus: Underhand serve	Standard: (S1.M12.6)	
Lesson 3	Focus: Overhand strikes	Standard: (S1.M13.6)	
Lesson 4	Focus: Forehand and backhand strokes	Standard: (S1.M14.6) (S1.M15.6)	
Lesson 5	Focus: Volleys	Standard: (S1.M16.6)	
Lesson 6	Focus: Practice in game play	Standard: (S4.M6.6) + Standards above	
Lesson 7	Focus: Practice in game play	Standard: (S4.M6.6) + Standards Above	
Lesson 8	Focus: Summative Assessment of motor skills/movement patterns	Standard: (S4.M6.6) + Standards above	

	Stage 1 Desired Results	
STABLISHED GOALS/STANDARDS Transfer		
Shape America Standards:	•	
Demonstrates correct rhythm and	Meaning	
pattern for one of the following dance forms: folk, social, creative, line or world dance. (S1.M1.6) Varies application of force during dance or gymnastic activities. (S2.M12.6) Identifies components of physical activity that provide opportunities for reducing stress and for social interaction. (S5.M2.6)	UNDERSTANDINGS Students will understand thatDance/creative movement is a tremendous form of exercise which can increase health physically, mentally, emotionally, and socially There are numerous concepts of force and energy applied to dance such as momentum, velocity, balance, etc rhythm and patterns are specific to varying dances and in order to perform a dance correctly one must understand the rhythm and pattern.	ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS -What are positive emotional effects of dance/creative movement? -What are positive physical effects of dance/movement? -What are positive social effects of dance/movement? -What is momentum? -What is velocity? -What is balance? -How are all of these concepts of force applied to dance? - Why is rhythm and the understanding of it essential to successfully performing dances or movement patterns?
	Acquisition	
	Students will know -Rhythm and patterns of a specific movement or dance formthe positive physical, social, and mental outcomes of dance/creative movement.	Students will be skilled at -varying application of force during a routine to be successfuldemonstrating proper rhythm and pattern of a specific sequenceidentifying positive outcomes of dance and creative movement.
	Stage 2 Evidence	
Evaluative Criteria	PERFORMANCE TASK(S): Perform a dance or movement routine while demonstrating correct rhythm and pattern. Articulate/describe the positive benefits of dance (physically, emotionally, socially) in written or verbal form. OTHER EVIDENCE: Demonstration of varying use of force during dance and gymnastics.	

Resources:	Dance Vocabulary: http://www.kqed.org/assets/pdf/arts/programs/spark/dancevocab.pdf		
	Stage 3 Learning Plan		
	Summary of Key Learning Events and Instruction		
Lesson 1	Introduction to dance and why dance is important physically,	Standard: (S5.M2.6)	
	mentally, socially.	,	
Lesson 2	Review of force as applied to movements. Definition of force, and energy and practice of those skills in class.	Standard: (S2.M12.6)	
Lesson 3	Review of rhythm and Patterns associated with a teacher selected dance.	Standard: (S1.M1.6)	
Lesson 4	Practice Day 1: teacher selected dance	Standard: (S1.M1.6)	
Lesson 5	Practice Day 2: teacher selected dance or movement	Standard: (S1.M1.6)	
Lesson 6	Practice Day 3: Teacher selected dance of movement.	Standard: (S1.M1.6)	
Lesson 7	Performance of the teacher selected dance or movement concept.	Standard: (S1.M1.6)	

GRADE 6 Fitness and Healthy Body	Stage 1 Desired Results		
ESTABLISHED COALS/STANDARDS			
ESTABLISHED GOALS/STANDARDS Shape America Standards:	Transfer Students will able to apply knowledge and skills related to maintaining and enhancing physical fitness outside of physicals.		
Describes how being physically active leads to a healthy body. (\$3.M1.6)	Meaning		
Participates in a variety of aerobic fitness activities such as cardio kick, step aerobics and aerobic dance. (S3.M3.6) Participates in a variety of aerobic-fitness activities using technology such as Dance Dance Revolution® or Wii Fit®. (S3.M4.6) Participates in moderate to vigorous aerobic physical activity that includes intermittent or continuous aerobic physical activity of both moderate and vigorous intensity for at least 60 minutes per day. (S3.M6.6)	UNDERSTANDINGS Students will understand thatPhysical activity leads to a healthy body -there are a variety of types of aerobic exercises -physical abilities can change with hard work and specific modifications	ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS What is aerobic exercise? What is anaerobic exercise? What is muscular endurance? How do exercises and being physically active impact our body? How does resting heart rate relate to aerobic fitness? What are the major muscles being used during? What are examples of aerobic exercises? How can we evaluate our fitness scores and make modifications to improve on our scores for the future?	
	Acquisit	tion	
Differentiates between aerobic and anaerobic capacity, and between muscular strength and endurance. (S3.M10.6)	Students will know -Aerobic fitness is the amount of oxygen in the blood pumped by the heart and transported to the working muscles, as well as the muscles efficiency in using that	Students will be skilled at Identifying a variety of aerobic exercises. Identifying muscle groups used during specific exercises.	
Defines resting heart rate and describes its relationship to aerobic fitness and the Borg Rating of Perceived Exertion (RPE) Scale.15 (S3.M13.6) Identifies major muscles used in selected	oxygenmajor muscles/groups used in exerciseAerobic exercise vs. anaerobic -muscular strength vs. muscular endurance -define resting heart rate and the relationship it has on aerobic fitness.	Differentiating between types of exercise. Implementing an individual plan for improvement Describing how physical activity can lead to a healthy body.	
physical activities.(S3.M14.6) Designs and implements a program of remediation for any areas of weakness based	actobic fichess.		

on the results of health-related fitness assessment. (S3.M15.6)		
accessing (compared)	Stage 2 Evidence	
Evaluative Criteria	Assessment Evidence	
	PERFORMANCE TASK(S): Students design a remediation program to improve scores on fitness tests Students articulate the importance of physical fitness on physical and mental health in essay, poster, presentation, speech, etc.	
	OTHER EVIDENCE: Demonstration of knowledge of major muscle being used Students are active for a set time standards/meeting heart rate expectations.	
	Stage 3 Learning Plan	
	Summary of Key Learning Events and Instruction	
Lesson 1	Focus: Intro to aerobic activity/Heart Rate/Health impacts	Standard: (S3.M1.6) (S3.M13.6)
Lesson 2	Focus: Participating in a variety of aerobic activity Part 1	Standard: (S3.M3.6)
Lesson 3	Focus: Participating in a variety of aerobic activity Part 2	Standard:(S3.M4.6)
Lesson 4	Focus: Aerobic vs. Anaerobic Muscular strength vs. endurance	Standard: (S3.M10.6)
Lesson 5	Focus: Identification of major muscle groups used in physical activities	Standard: (S3.M14.6)
Lesson 6	Focus: Designs a program of remediation based on areas of weakness in healthy fitness tests	Standard: (S3.M15.6)